

Assiut University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department
Final Even for (2)

Aug. 2019 Time: 2 hours

Final Exam. for (211C)(Student not Chemistry, Summery Term)

#### Write the name of all compounds.

## Answer for the following questions:

Answer for the for	iowing questions	•		
1) A- What mining	<u>by</u> ( give example	es):- ( <u>7 on</u>	<u>ly</u> )	- ( <u>10</u> marks)
1- Toludine 5- Ter. (3°)alchol . 8- TNPh	6- Benzyl / Benz		7-	- Oxime - PVC. - DMS
B- Compound (A) isomers of this of	its molecular forr compound.	nula (C₅H <sub>1</sub>	<sub>2</sub> O). Draw th	he structural
2) <u>A-Give examples</u> 1- polymerisation re 3- Cainzaro reaction 5- Elemination reac	eaction. 1.	2- Re 4- El	e-arrangment	
B- Write one meth Saccharin * S	od to prepare the Salycilic acid * p	following c 2- bromoan	compounds ( iline * Iodo	Three only):
3) <i>A- How do you co</i> 1- Acetaldehyde —				(10 marks):
2- Tolune $\longrightarrow$ Be			ine $\longrightarrow$ Ph	1
1- Benzene $\rightarrow$ Gly		J- AIII	me -> Fi	lenor
B- <u>Write on</u> Three 1- Markownikoffs 3- Phthaline reaction	rule 2- Ald	-ol Conder		o 1- propene.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* أنظر خلفة

4)- A- complete the following equations (Four only)---- (20 marks)

1- Dimethylamine +  $HNO_2(NaNO_2 / HCl)$   $\rightarrow$  å

2-2-Butene  $+ O_3 \rightarrow a + H_2O \rightarrow 2.b$ 

3- Acetic acid +  $SOCl_2 \rightarrow a + b + c$ 

4- Toluene +  $CH_3Cl / Al Cl_3 \rightarrow a + b$ 

5- Aniline +  $HNO_2(NaNO_2 / HCl) \rightarrow a + \beta$  -naphthol  $\rightarrow b$ 

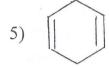
*B- Write the name of the following compounds* .

1) CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub> OH

2)  $CH_3 - C \equiv C - Br$ 

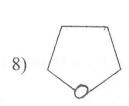
3) Ph-CH<sub>2</sub>-COOH

4)  $CH_2 = C (Br) - CH_2 - C (Cl) = CH_2$  $So_3H$ 



6)





9) CocH<sub>3</sub>

10)

<u>C-Draw the structural formula of (5 only) from the following compounds:</u> cyclooctatetrene \* Gamexane \* succinemide

sodium salcylate \*

<u>o</u>−cresole \*

Benzamide

\*

Good Luke Prof. Dr Osama Shehata Moustafa Aug. 2019

Assiut University
Faculty of Science
Chemistry Department

Sept. 2019
Time: 3 hours
Summer semester

Final Exam of Physical Chemistry II (C-232) for second level students

Answer the following:	
Part I Phase Rule  1) Explain briefly <u>Only Two</u> of the following:  (i) Sodium chloride-water system.  (10 mar	ks)
<ul> <li>(ii) Two component system A and B forming compound AB with congruent melting point</li> <li>(iii) The ternary system NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>-AgNO<sub>3</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O at 30°C, where the binary compound NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>-AgNO<sub>3</sub> is formed.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>2) Compare between the phase diagram of water system with that of sulphur system. (4 mail</li> <li>3) Complete each of the following: (3 mail</li> <li>(i) For pure gas and a mixture of two gases (H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>) the degree of Freedom isand</li></ul>	rks)
(ii) The addition of salt to ice result in considerable lowering of temperature, if there is external source of heat, owing to	no
(iii) In order to completely define a three component system variables are required, namely	
Part II Electrochemistry  Answer Only Two from the following questions:	
1) (i) Explain the electrode reaction of silver-silver chloride electrode and its Nernst equation.	
(4 mar	ks)
(ii) What is the reduction potential of silver electrode Ag, AgCl/KCl(0.1M) at 25°C? where its	s E°=
0.2224V. (4 mark	(s)
2) (i) Determine the oxidation number of chromium in the following species: Cr, CrO, Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , K <sub>2</sub> Cr	Ο <sub>4</sub> ,
$K_2Cr_2O_7$ .	
(ii) Complete and balance the following redox reaction in acidic solution: (5.5 mg $Fe^{2^+} + Cr_2O_7^{2^-} \rightarrow Fe^{3^+} + Cr^{3^+}$	
3) (I) Consider the cell: $H_2(1 \text{ atm})   Pt(s)   H^+(xM)     Cu^{2+}(1M)   Cu(s)$ , where $E^{\circ}_{Cu2+ Cu}=0.34V$ . (4 mark lift the emf of this cell is 0.44V at 25°C, calculate the pH of the unknown acidic solution in this	ks)
(ii) What is the standard free energy change for the following reaction at 25°C? (4 mar $^{3}$ Ca(s) + 2Au $^{3+}$ $\rightarrow$ 3Ca $^{2+}$ + 2Au (s) [E° <sub>Ca2+/Ca</sub> =-2.87V, E° <sub>Au3+/Au</sub> = 1.5V, F=96500 C/mol]	
Part III Colloidal Chemistry	
Answer the following questions:	
1) Choose the correct answer for each of the following: (3 mar	ks)
(i) The lyophibic colloids are  a) Liquid heating b) liquid loving c) not stable	
(ii) The lyophibic sols are Sols	
a) stable b) true c) irreversible d) turbid	
(iii) The lyophibic need for their preparation.	
a) Heating b) cooling c) stabilizing agents	

(باقى الأسئلة بالخلف)

2)	Complet	e each of the following:	(5 marks)
_,	(i)	The number average molecular weight: $M_n = \dots$	
	(ii)	The weight average molecular weight: $M_w = \dots$	
	(iii)	The colloidal ion of As <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub> after dispersion of Hs ions	
	(iv)	The reason for the stability of lyophobic colloids is their	
	(v)	To precipitate a colloid, the particle must cometo form	(4 - 1)
3)	Discuss	Two methods for the purification of sols.	(4 marks)
		guation how can you calculate:	(5 marks)
	(i)	The actual dimensions of a single particle in a colloidal system.	
	(ii)	The mass of the single particle (m) and molar mass (M) of the dispersed	pnase.
	100 Miles		

مع اطيب التمنيات ا .د. ماهر حامد ا.د. أبوالحجاج عبدالعزيز ا.د. صديق أحمد



Sept., 03, 2019 Time allowed: 2 hrs Mark: 50

## Final Exam .of Inorganic and Physical Chemistry (C-250) Section I (Inorganic Chemistry) (Mark: 25)

#### Answer the following questions:

- 1. Show how can you prepare Three only of the following? Water gas, Mg, B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and HNO<sub>2</sub>
- 2. In the following acid pairs which is stronger and why?
  - i) HF and HI, ii) H2SO3 and H2SO4 and iii) HClO4 and HOCl.
- 3. Give reason(s) that explains Five only of the following:
  - i) Group II metals have higher melting and boiling points than group I metals.
  - ii) Al has smaller atomic size than Na.
  - iii) CO is toxic gas.
  - iv) SF6 is known while OF6 is not.
  - v) Li has higher ionization energy than Cs while Cs ions have higher electrical conductivity than Li ions.
  - vi) In water Be salts are acidic.
- 4. What are the resonance structures and resonance hybride of  $O_3$ ?
- 5. What is the structure of the following: pyrophosphorous acid, Hydrogen azide and XeF<sub>4</sub>?
- 6. How does Ca<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> react with each of sulphuric and phosphoric acids

See Next Page→

#### Answer the following questions:

I) Choose the correct answer:

(Mark:5)

1) The ratio of P1 and P2 correspond to variable T as:

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \dots$$
 a)  $\frac{H_1}{H_2}$  b)  $\frac{V_1}{V_2}$  c)  $\frac{T_2}{T_1}$  d)  $\frac{T_1}{T_2}$ 

2) If the V is keeping constant, then

$$\Delta H = \dots$$
 a)  $\Delta F^{\#}$  b)  $q_v$  c)  $\Delta H^{\#}$  d)  $q_p$ 

3) For reversible processing:  $q_{irrev} = .....$  a)  $\Delta F^{\#}$ , b)  $\Delta G^{\#}$  c)  $q_{rev}$ 

4) 
$$\Delta H = \Delta E + \dots$$
 a) a)  $\Delta F^{\#}$ , b)  $\Delta R$ , c)  $\Delta (PV)$ , d)  $\Delta C_p$ 

5) If  $\Delta H^{\#}$  and  $Q_p$  are negative, the reaction will be: a) irreversible b) endothermic c) reversible d) exothermic

#### II) Complete the Following:

1) Under isothermal expansion of ideal gas:  $\Delta S^{\#} = \dots$ 

2) 
$$\frac{dH}{dT} = \frac{\dots}{\dots} + \frac{\dots}{\dots}$$

3) 
$$\Delta G^{\#} - \Delta G^{\#0} = \dots$$

4) 
$$^{C_p} = \dots + \dots$$

5) 
$$\frac{d \ln K}{dT} = \frac{\dots}{1}$$

III -a) Show, how can you calculate the work done (W) in each operation, maximum work  $(W_{\text{max}})$ , and efficiency  $(\eta)$  during Carnot cycle (Mark:6)

vi) calculate the efficiency  $\eta(\%)$  at:

$T_1(k)$	0.0	45	60	100	200	300
$\frac{T_2(k)}{\eta(\%)}$	300	50	40	80	400	0.0

IV-a) Prove that the equilibrium constant (K) for the chemical reaction is affected by the change in temperature (T):

$$aA + bB \stackrel{K}{\longleftrightarrow} cC + dD$$

b) When gaseous of Ozone  $(O_3)$  is formed from the molecular oxygen by the

reaction: 
$$\frac{3}{2}O_{2(g)} \leftrightarrow O_{3(g)}$$
 if  $\Delta G^{\#0} = +39.1..kcal.mol^{-1}$ 

What is the value of K for this reaction at: T = 300,350, and 400.K (Mark:4)

V) The K for the reaction:  $2NO_{2(g)} \longleftrightarrow N_2O_{4(g)}$  is:

$$K_1 = 9.5.$$
, at  $T = 320.K$ ,  $\Delta H^{\#0} = -13.75..kcal / mol$ ,  $R = 1.98cal / mol - deg$   
Calculate: (i)  $K_2$ , at  $T = 273.K$ , (ii)  $\Delta G^{\#0}$ , at  $T = 320.K$  (Mark: 5)





Summer 2019 Time: 3 h

# Final Exam. Organic Chemistry (Aromatic and Heterocyclic Chemistry 212 C) for 2<sup>nd</sup> Level Students

Section (A): (Aromatic chemistry) (25 N	larks)
Answer the following questions:	
1- Predict the product(s) of the reduction of the	following compounds: (4 Marks)
(a) Nitrobenzene by Sn/HCl.	(b) Azobenzene by NaOH/Zn.
(c) Azobenzene by H <sub>2</sub> /Pt.	(d) Toluene using H <sub>2</sub> /Pt.
2- Give three methods for the synthesis of ben	zene. (3 Marks)
3- Starting from benzene, Show by equations h	how you can prepare the
following compounds:	(10 Marks)
(i) Saccharin. (ii) <i>p</i> -Bromoanilin	e. (iii) Benzonitrile.
(iv) Trinitrobenzoic acid. (v) Picric acid.	
4. Show by equations the mechanism of the fol	llowing reactions: (4 Marks)
a- Benzidine rearrangement.	b- Nitration of benzene.
5. Complete FOUR ONLY the following equa	ations: (4 Marks)
1- Toluene H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> Conc.	PCl <sub>5</sub>
2- Benzene sulphonic acid NaOH	HCl
3- Aniline NaNO <sub>2</sub>	CuBr
4- Picric Acid PCl <sub>5</sub>	NH <sub>3</sub>
5- Acetophenone Zn (Hg) HCl	KMnO <sub>4</sub>
6- Bromobenzene Mg/ether	(i) CO <sub>2</sub>
6- Di omobenzene	(ii) H <sub>2</sub> O/H <sup>+</sup>

#### Section (B): (Heterocyclic Chemistry)

(25 Marks)

#### Answer the following questions:

#### 1- Write the systematic names of SIX ONLY of the following structures

## 2- Give ONE METHOD for synthesis of the following heterocycles: (12 Marks)

- (a) Furan derivative.
- (b) Pyrrole ring.
- (c) Indole derivative

- (d) Pyridine ring.
- (e) Quinoline compound.
- (e) Pyrimidine ring.

#### 3- Give short notes about:

(4 Marks)

- (i) The typical reactivity of pyrroles, thiophenes and furans.
- (ii) The synthesis of vitamin B6 (using chemical equations).

## 4- Comlete the following equations:

(3 Marks)

(iii) 
$$H_2SO_4$$
 HgSO<sub>4</sub>

ACOH





September, 2019

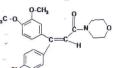
Time: 3 hours 50 Marks

#### Final Exam of Green Chemistry (214C) for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Level Students

#### Choose the correct answer for twenty five only of the following? $(25 \times 2 = 50 \text{ M})$

- 1- Which of the following reactions represent the hydrogen abstraction by the OH?
- a)  $NH_3 + HO^{\bullet} \rightarrow H_2N^{\bullet} + H_2O$
- **b)**  $CO + HO' \rightarrow CO_2 + H$
- c)  $CH_4 + HO' \rightarrow H_3C' + H_2O$
- d) a & c

- 2- Dimethomorph fungicide is belong to
  - a) 1,4-Oxathiins
  - b) Benzimidazoles
  - c) Morpholines
  - d) Acylalanines



3- Choose the correct names for the following compounds?

- a) A. Thiabendazole; B. Folpet
- b) A. Benomyl; B. Thiabendazole
- c) A. Folpet; B. Thiabendazole
- d) A. Thiabendazole; B. Folpet

4- Which type of reactions would best explains what has occurred?

$$CI + CH_4 \longrightarrow HCI + CH_3$$
  
 $CIO + NO_2 \longrightarrow CIONO_2$ 

- a) Inactivation of chlorine atom
- b) Chlorine reacts directly with ozone
- c) Synthesis of carbon dioxide
- d) Revolution of chlorine
- 5- Which of the following statements is false regarding OH-radical?
  - a) It unable to abstract hydrogen atom to produce carbon centered radicals
- **b)** Hydroxyl radicals do not add to  $CO_2$ , however, it adds to CO
- c) Hydroxyl radical is the prominent oxidizing species in the atmosphere.
- d) Always it reacts by adding itself to another molecule

6- Which of the following statements most accurately describe the process?

$$SO_2 + OH + M \rightarrow HOSO_2 + M$$
  
 $HOSO_2 + O_2 \rightarrow HO_2 + SO_3$   
 $SO_3 + H_2O + M \rightarrow H_2SO_4 + M$ 

- a) Oxidation of SO<sub>2</sub> in gas and aqueous phase
- b) Oxidation of SO<sub>2</sub> in coal-fired power plants
- c) Injected into the atmosphere
- **d)** Oxidation of SO<sub>2</sub> in rich fossil fuels
- 7- Green chemists reduce risk by?
- a) Reducing the hazard inherent in a chemical product or process
- b) Minimizing the use of all chemicals
- c) Inventing technologies that will clean up toxic sites
- d) Developing recycled products

- 8- The most important reactive intermediate of atmospheric chemical phenomena is
  - a) HO'
  - **b)** H<sub>3</sub>C'
  - c) HOO'
  - **d**) O'

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	80
-							

#### 10- The use of solar power is covered within 9- Which of the following is inorganic green chemistry principles, which is? fungicide used as seed dressing? a) Atom economy a) Elemental sulfur b) phenyl mercuric acetate c) Design benign chemicals c) Bordeaux mixture d) Less hazardous synthesis d) Thiram 11- Which of the following is the greenest solvent? a) Butadiene and phthalimide a) Formaldehyde b) Benzene c) Ethanol d) Water 13- Which of the following reagents sequences used in the Dithiocarbamates smog? synthesis? a) a: CS<sub>2</sub>, b: oxidation a) $O_3$ b) Unsaturated hydrocarbon b) a: reduction, b: CS<sub>2</sub> c) SO<sub>2</sub> c) a: oxidation, b: CS<sub>2</sub> d) NO<sub>2</sub> d) None of the above 15- In the given SO<sub>2</sub>-reaction series, which nuclei mode explained as type of processes would be described? 1. 2SO2 + O2 ----> 2SO3 3. SO<sub>2</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> ----> 2H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> a) Oxidation of SO<sub>2</sub> in smog b) Oxidation of SO<sub>2</sub> in Troposphere c) Burning of fossil fuels containing sulphur

17- In the following mechanism, which specie initiates the catalytic destruction of ozone?

> Mechanism I  $X + O_3 \rightarrow XO + O_2$  $XO + O \rightarrow X + O$  $0_1 + 0 \rightarrow 20_2$

- a) Hydroxyl free radical as a catalyst
- b) Nitric oxide as a catalyst

d) SO<sub>2</sub>-Oxidation of ozone

- c) Inactive form of chlorine
- d) Free radicals are readily converted into stable forms

- b) Design for energy efficiency
- 12- Industrial production of Captan-fungicide is carried out by reaction between
- b) Butadiene and maleic anhydride
- c) 2-Methylbutadiene and maleic anhydride
- d) 2-Methylbutadiene and phthalic anhydride
- 14- Amongst the following, identify one is not amongst the components of photochemical
- 16- Among aerosols distribution modes, the
  - a) Small particles (0.01 µm) are formed by the cycloaddition of vapors of pollutants
  - b) Small particles (0.01 µm) are formed by the condensation of vapors of pollutants
  - c) Small particles (0.02 µm) are formed by the condensation of liquids of pollutants
  - d) Small particles (0.01  $\mu$ m) are formed by the precipitation of vapors of pollutants
- 18- Which of the given statements is the best define of cloud condensation nuclei (CCN)?
- a) Particles that can become activated to grow. to fog or cloud droplets in the presence of a supersaturating of water vapor
- b) Particles that can become deactivated to fog or cloud droplets in the presence of a supersaturating of water vapor
- c) Particles that can become activated to grow to fog or cloud droplets in the presence of a supersaturating of sulphur dioxide gas
- d) Particles that can become activated to grow to fog or cloud droplets in the presence of a supersaturating of nitrogen dioxide gas

9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
									Appropriate the second

Page 2 of 3

باقى ألأسئلة في الصفحة التالية

#### 19- Which of the following reagents would be a good choice for shown two steps (a & c) in the Ibuprofen scheme?

- a: Ac<sub>2</sub>O/HF, c: CO/Pd-Cat.
- a: Ac<sub>2</sub>O/HF, c: H<sub>2</sub>/Cat.
- a: H<sub>2</sub>/Catalyst, c: Ac<sub>2</sub>O/HF
- a: CO/Pd-Catalyst, c: H<sub>2</sub>/Cat.

#### 21- Mushrooms and truffles are cultivated as food and belong to

- a) Saprophytic Fungi
- b) Parasitic Fungi
- c) Synthetic Fungicides
- d) Natural Fungicides

#### 23- Choice the correct name following structure?

- a) Atriazine
- b) Diquat
- c) Trifluralin
- d) Paraquat

#### 25- Dow process used for the production of --- herbicides.

- a) Phenoxyalkane carboxylic acids
  - b) Substituted ureas
  - c) Bipyridyls
  - d) Tetrachlorodioxin

#### 20- What is the troposphere?

- a) The lowest layer in the atmosphere
- The part of the atmosphere that absorbs optical light
- The part of the atmosphere that absorbs ultraviolet
- The part of the atmosphere that absorbs X d) rays

#### 22- Bio-polymers exemplify green chemistry principle # 10, which is?

- a) Catalysis
- b) Prevent waste
- c) Benign solvents & auxiliaries
- d) Design for degradation

#### Dimethirimol is belong fungicides.

- a) pyrimidines
- b) morpholines
- c) benzimidazoles,
- d) imidazoles and triazoles

#### 26- What is the Parathion?

- a) Method of destroying PCB mixtures in oils
- b) Contact herbicides destroy only the plant tissue
- Organophosphate insectides
- 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7d) Named as benzofuranyl methylcarbamate

19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
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أنتهت الأسئله مع أطيب التمنيات

Examiner: Dr. Hassan Abdou Kotb

Page 3 of 3