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# An Effective Evolutionary Clustering Algorithm: Hepatitis C case study

M. H. Marghny, Rasha M. Abd El-Aziz, Ahmed I. Taloba

## Abstract:

ABSTRACT Clustering analysis plays an important role in scientific research and commercial application. K-means algorithm is a widely used partition method in clustering. However, it is known that the K-means algorithm may get stuck at suboptimal solutions, depending on the choice of the initial cluster centers. In this article, we propose a technique to handle large scale data, which can select initial clustering center purposefully using Genetic algorithms (GAs), reduce the sensitivity to isolated point, avoid dissevering big cluster, and overcome deflexion of data in some degree that caused by the disproportion in data partitioning owing to adoption of multi-sampling. We applied our method to some public datasets these show the advantages of the proposed approach for example Hepatitis C dataset that has been taken from the machine learning warehouse of University of California. Our aim is to evaluate hepatitis dataset. In order to evaluate this dataset we did some preprocessing operation, the reason to preprocessing is to summarize the data in the best and suitable way for our algorithm. Missing values of the instances are adjusted using local mean method.

## Keywords:

Genetic algorithms, Clustering, K-means algorithm, Squarederror criterion, hepatitis-C Virus (HCV).

## Published In:

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( 2 )

## Outlier Detection using Improved Genetic K-means

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### Abstract:

**ABSTRACT** The outlier detection problem in some cases is similar to the classification problem. For example, the main concern of clustering-based outlier detection algorithms is to find clusters and outliers, which are often regarded as noise that should be removed in order to make more reliable clustering. In this article, we present an algorithm that provides outlier detection and data clustering simultaneously. The algorithm improves the estimation of centroids of the generative distribution during the process of clustering and outlier discovery. The proposed algorithm consists of two stages. The first stage consists of improved genetic k-means algorithm (IGK) process, while the second stage iteratively removes the vectors which are far from their cluster centroids.

### Keywords:

Outlier detection, Genetic algorithms, Clustering, K-means algorithm, Improved Genetic K-means (IGK)

### Published In:

International Journal of Computer Applications , Volume 28 No.11 ,



( 3 )

## Fast Efficient Clustering Algorithm for Balanced Data

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### Abstract:

The Cluster analysis is a major technique for statistical analysis, machine learning, pattern recognition, data mining, image analysis and bioinformatics. K-means algorithm is one of the most important clustering algorithms. However, the k-means algorithm needs a large amount of computational time for handling large data sets. In this paper, we developed more efficient clustering algorithm to overcome this deficiency named Fast Balanced k-means (FBK-means). This algorithm is not only yields the best clustering results as in the k-means algorithm but also requires less computational time. The algorithm is working well in the case of balanced data.

### Keywords:

Clustering; K-means algorithm; Bee algorithm; GA algorithm; FBK-means algorithm

### Published In:

International Journal of Advanced Computer Science & Applications , Vol. 5 - No. 6 , pp 123-129



( 4 )

# An effective evolutionary clustering algorithm: Hepatitis C case study

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## Abstract:

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## Keywords:

Genetic Algorithms Clustering K-means algorithm Squared-error criterion Hepatitis-C Virus (HCV)

## Published In:

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