Assiut University **Faculty of Science Chemistry Department**

Final Examination of (General Chemistry (2) (C-105) for 1 st level st	rudents
Answer the following question	Section (A): Organic Chemistry as:	(25Marks)
	ement and (X) for the wrong one:	(10 Marks)
	have the same molecular formula.	
b) Butane is produced by free	e radical polymerization of ethene.	
c) Nucleophiles are electron electrophiles.	n rich; they form bonds by accepting	electrons from
d) The number of structural is	omers of hydrocarbon has molecular formula	C ₄ H ₈ is 5. (
e) Addition of hydrogen brom	nide to propene is regiospecific reaction.	()
f) In electrophilic addition re electrophile.	actions the π electrones of the carbon-carbor	n double bond
g) On hybridization of one s a the angle between them 18	and one p orbitals of carbon atom we get two 0°.	sp^2 orbitals ar ()
h) The carbonate ion has three	e identical carbon-oxygen bonds.	()
i) Monobromonation of cycle	ohexane gave one product only.	()
j) Addition of chlorine to uns	ymmetric alkenes obeys the Markovnikov rul	le. ()
Second question		
Show by equations how ca	n you prepare <u>three only</u> of the followings:	(9 Marks)
 a) 1- propanol from prop b) Ethanal from 2-butene c) 2-propanol from prop d) Propanone from prop 	ene.	
Third question		
Propose a mechanism and addition of hydrogen bromic	sketch the reaction energy diagram of the de to propene.	e electrophilic 5 Marks)

Section (B) (Nonorganic Chemistry)

Answer <u>Only Five</u> of the following:

(25 Marks)

1. For the following gaseous reaction:

$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \implies 2NH_3(g) \quad \Delta H = -92 \text{ KJ}$$

What is the effect of:

i) Addition of more nitrogen. ii) Lowering the temperature.

iii) Reducing the volume of the mixture to one-half of its original value.

- iv) Removal of ammonia.
- 2. A buffer solution contains 0.24 M ammonia and 0.2 M ammonium chloride. (a) What is the pH of this buffer? (b) If 0.005 mole NaOH is added to 0.50 L of this buffer, what will be the pH-change? ($K_b = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$).
- 3. Calculate the solubility of AgCl (in g/L) in a solution containing 6.5×10^{-3} M AgNO₃. K_{sp} of AgCl = 1.6×10^{-10} , (Atomic weights of Ag= 107.9 and Cl= 35.5).
- 4. An aqueous solution containing 1.00 g of sorbitol in 100.0 g of water is found to have a freezing point of -0.102 °C. What is the molecular weight of sorbitol ($K_f = 1.86$ °C/mol).
- 5. A solution containing 0.005 M Ca(II), If sufficient solid $(NH_4)_2C_2O_4$ was added to get the conc. of $[C_2O_4^{-2}] = 0.00051$ M. Will the precipitation of Ca²⁺ as CaC₂O₄ (s) be complete?

$$CaC_2O_4 \implies Ca^{2+}(aq) + C_2O_4^{2-}(aq) \qquad K_{sp} = 2.7 \times 10^{-9}$$

6. What is the pH of 0.15 M sodium acetate, CH₃COONa?

 $(K_a \text{ of } CH_3COOH = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}, K_w = 1 \times 10^{-14}).$

Good luck

Examiners:

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Assiut University Faculty of Science Chemistry Department

June: 2019 Time: 2 hrs. Total Degree: 50

Second Semester Final Examination Subject: General Chemistry I (C-100) Students: First Level "Credit Hours System"

Section (A) (25 Marks)

Answer the Following Questions:

First Question: Answer only three from the following: (15 Marks)

a) State Charle's law and drive it from kinetic gas equation.

b) Compare between lyophobic and lyophilic colloids.

c) i. What is meant by (three only):

Critical temperature - Boiling point - Emulsion - Amorphous solid .

ii. How would you prepare the colloidal sol of gold and sulpher.

d) Give a reason for <u>only four</u> from the following:

1. At high temperature the viscosity is low.

2. Crystalline solids are anisotropic.

3. The amount of adsorbed gas decrease as temperature increase.

4. A gas can be liquefied by lowering temperature and increasing pressure

5. Zinc will displace hydrogen from dilute acid solution.

Second Question: Answer only two from the following: (10 Marks)

a) Consider the reaction:

 $2 \operatorname{Al}_{(s)} + 3 \operatorname{Cu}_{(aq)}^{2+} \rightarrow 2 \operatorname{Al}_{(aq)}^{3+} + 3 \operatorname{Cu}_{(s)}$

i. Write the reaction occur ling at anode and cathode.

ii. Write cell diagram.

iii. Predict whether the reaction is feasible or not.

Where $E_{Cu/Cu}^{0}^{2+} = +0.34 \text{ V}$ and $E_{Al/Al}^{0}^{3+} = -0.44 \text{ V}$

b) Two moles of NH₃ are enclosed in five liters flask at 27⁰C. Calculate pressure exerted by using both ideal gas equation and Vander Waal's equation.

$$(a = 4.18 L^2 atm.mol^{-2}, b = 0.037 L mol^{-1}, R = 0.0821 L. atm. Mol^{-1} K^{-1})$$

c) i. Calculate the emf at $25 \,^{0}$ C for the following cell:

Zn / Zn²⁺ (0.001M) // Pb²⁺ (0.1M) / Pb Where $E_{Zn/Zn}^{0}^{2+} = -0.76 \text{ V}$ and $E_{Pb/Pb}^{0}^{2+} = -0.13 \text{ V}$

ii. How many mole of gas present when the gas is occupying a volume of 5.0 L at a pressure of 10.0 atm. and temp. 310 K (R = 0.0821 L. atm. Mol⁻¹ K⁻¹)

Good Luck Prof. Dr. Zahra Abdel Aziz

Please turn over for section $B \rightarrow$

Section (B) (25 Marks)

Answer the Following Questions:	
First Question:	
a) Choose the correct answer: (9 Marks)	
1. Which molecule exhibits resonance?	
a) O_3 b) BeCl ₂ c) CO ₂ d) NF ₃	
2. What is the total number of valence electrons in the chlorate ion, ClO3 ⁻ ?a) 24b) 26c) 28d) 32	
 3. Which one of the following types of radiation has the longest wavelength? a) X-rays b) ultraviolet rays c) red colored visible light rays d) gamma rays 	
4. Octet rule is not followed in the formation of:a) CH4b) NF3c) BCl3d) H2O	
 5. The emission of electrons from the surface of a metal when struck by light is the: a) photoelectric effect b) electromagnetic radiation c) spectrum. 	
 6. The electron configuration for Fe²⁺ is 1s² 2s² 2p⁶ 3s² 3p⁶ 3d⁶. Therefore Fe²⁺ is: a) paramagnetic with three unpaired electrons b) diamagnetic. c) paramagnetic with two unpaired electrons d) paramagnetic with four unpaired electrons 	ons
7. In which of these compounds is the bond between the atoms NOT a nonpolar covalent bond?a) Cl2b) H2c) HCld) O2	
8. Which one of the following is an allowable set of quantum numbers for an electron?	
a) $n = 3$, $l = 2$, $m_l = -1$, $m_s = 0$ b) $n = 2$, $l = 1$, $m_l = -1$, $m_s = -1/2$	
c) $n = 1$, $l = 1$, $m_l = 1$, $m_s = +1/2$	
9. What is the formal charge on the nitrogen atom in the Lewis Structure?	
$N \equiv C \xrightarrow{\circ} \circ $	
b) Indicate whether the statement is <u>true</u> or <u>false</u> : (4 Marks) 1. LiCl contains an ionic bond.	
2. For Lyman series $n_1 = 2$, $n_2 = 3, 4, 5, 6$	
 In drawing a Lewis structure, the central atom is the atom with the highest atomic number at The Aufbau principle states that electrons occupy the lowest energy orbital available in the ground state. 	o m.
Second Question:	
a) Draw Lewis dot (electron) structure for (NH ₃) and determine:	
 Molecular geometry Bond angle Hybridization. (Use partial orbital diagram to describe how the mixing of atomic orbitals on the central atoms leads to hybrid orbitals). 	he
 b) Answer two only from the following: (6 Marks) 1. Given O₂, using molecular orbital and valence bond theory: a. Write molecular orbital configuration. b. Determine bond order. 	
2. Use a polar arrow to indicate the polarity of each bond: N - H, F - N, I - Cl. (E.N. of N = 3.0, H = 2.1, F = 4.0, I = 2.5, Cl = 3.0)	
3. What is the energy of a photon corresponding to radio waves of frequency 1.255 x 10^6 s ⁻¹ ?	
(Atomic no. H = 1, He = 2, Be = 4, B = 5, C = 6, N = 7, O = 8, F = 9, Cl = 17)	

(Atomic no. H = 1, He = 2, Be = 4, B = 5, C = 6, N = 7, O = 8, F = 9, Cl = 17) (Planck's constant = $6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J.s}$)

Good Luck Dr. M.I.Abdel Hamid